

# ab115129 – Histone H3 (phospho S28) Assay Kit (Colorimetric)

#### Instructions for Use

For the measurement of global phosphorylation of Histone H3S28 using a variety of mammalian cells including fresh and frozen tissues, and cultured adherent and suspension cells

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

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#### INTRODUCTION

# 1. BACKGROUND

Phosphorylation of histone H3 at serine 28 is conserved through eukaryotes, and an increase in phosphorylation has been shown to correlate with gene activation and cell growth. In vitro studies have shown that phosphorylation of histone H3 at both ser10 and ser28 is coupled with dynamic acetylation of histone H3, where H3 phosphorylated at serine 28 had a higher steady state of acetylation than that of H3 phosphorylated at serine 10. It was observed that histone H3 phosphorylation at ser28 is regulated by the cell cycle and has been used as a mitotic marker. As with phosphorylated ser10, H3 phosphorylation at ser28 also play an important role for neoplastic cell transformation. Several protein kinases including aurora B, PPI, and PKC are responsible for histone H3 phosphorylation at ser28. Inhibition or activation of these protein kinases can cause a change in intracellular histone H3 phosphorylation at ser28. Detection of the change in histone H3 phosphorylation at ser28 associated with the cell cycle, apoptosis, and inhibitor or activator treatment, would provide useful information for better understanding the pathological processes of some diseases and for protein kinase-targeted drug development.

ab115129 provides a tool for measuring global phosphor histone H3 (ser28).

The kit has the following features:

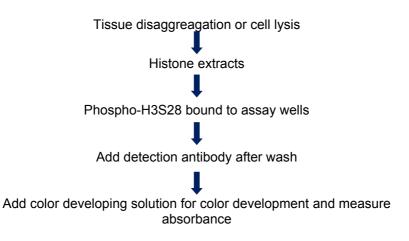
- Quick and efficient procedure, which can be finished within 3 hours
- Innovative colorimetric assay without the need for radioactivity, electrophoresis, or chromatography
- Specifically captures phospho histone H3 (ser28) with the detection limit as low as 2 ng/well
- The control is conveniently included for the quantification of phosphorylated histone H3 (ser28)
- Strip microplate format makes the assay flexible: manual or high throughput

#### INTRODUCTION

• Simple, reliable, and consistent assay conditions

Abcam's Histone H3 (phospho S28) Assay Kit (Colorimetric) is designed for measuring global histone H3 phosphorylation at ser28. In an assay with this kit, the phosphorylated histone H3 at ser28 is captured to strip wells coated with an anti-phospho histone H3 (ser28) antibody. The captured phospho histone H3 (ser28) can then be detected with a labeled detection antibody followed by a color development reagent. The ratio of phospho histone H3 (ser28) is proportional to the intensity of absorbance. The absolute amount of phospho histone H3 (ser28) can be quantitated by comparing to the standard control.

# 2. ASSAY SUMMARY



#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### 3. PRECAUTIONS

Please read these instructions carefully prior to beginning the assay.

All kit components have been formulated and quality control tested to function successfully as a kit. Modifications to the kit components or procedures may result in loss of performance.

### 4. STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store kit as given in the table and away from light upon receipt.

Observe the storage conditions for individual prepared components in sections 9 & 10.

For maximum recovery of the products, centrifuge the original vial prior to opening the cap.

Check if the 10X Wash Buffer and Antibody Buffer contain salt precipitates before use. If so, warm at room temperature or 37°C and shake the buffer until the salts are re-dissolved.

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

# 5. MATERIALS SUPPLIED

| Item                              | 48 Tests | 96 Tests | Storage<br>Condition<br>(Before<br>Preparation) |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|---|
| 10X Wash Buffer                   | 10 mL    | 20 mL    | 4°C   |
| Antibody Buffer                   | 6 mL     | 12 mL    | 4°C   |
| Detection Antibody, 1 mg/mL       | 5 µL     | 10 μL    | -20°C   |
| Color Developer                   | 5 mL     | 10 mL    | 4°C   |
| Stop Solution                     | 3 mL     | 6 mL     | 4°C   |
| Standard Control, 100 µg/mL       | 10 µL    | 20 µL    | -20°C   |
| 8-Well Sample Strips (with Frame) | 4        | 9        | 4°C   |
| 8-Well Standard Control Strips    | 2        | 3        | 4°C   |

# 6. MATERIALS REQUIRED, NOT SUPPLIED

These materials are not included in the kit, but will be required to successfully utilize this assay:

- Pipettes and pipette tips
- Reagent reservoirs
- Orbital shaker
- Microplate reader

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### 7. LIMITATIONS

- Assay kit intended for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures
- Do not use kit or components if it has exceeded the expiration date on the kit labels
- Do not mix or substitute reagents or materials from other kit lots or vendors. Kits are QC tested as a set of components and performance cannot be guaranteed if utilized separately or substituted
- Any variation in operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding

### 8. TECHNICAL HINTS

- Avoid foaming or bubbles when mixing or reconstituting components
- Avoid cross contamination of samples or reagents by changing tips between sample, standard and reagent additions
- Ensure plates are properly sealed or covered during incubation steps
- Complete removal of all solutions and buffers during wash steps
- This kit is sold based on number of tests. A 'test' simply refers to a single assay well. The number of wells that contain sample, control or standard will vary by product. Review the protocol completely to confirm this kit meets your requirements. Please contact our Technical Support staff with any questions

#### **ASSAY PREPARATION**

### 9. REAGENT PREPARATION

#### 9.1 1X Wash Buffer

Dilute 10X Wash Buffer with distilled water (pH 7.2-7.5) at a 1:10 ratio (1 mL of 10X Wash Buffer + 9 mL of water). This diluted 1X Wash Buffer can now be stored at 4°C for up to six months.

#### 9.2 Detection Solution

Dilute the Detection Antibody (at 1:1000 ratio) to 1  $\mu$ g/mL with Antibody Buffer.

### 10. SAMPLE PREPARATION

Prepare histone extracts from cells/tissues treated or untreated by using your own successful method (acid extraction or high salt extraction). For your convenience and the best results, Abcam offers the Histone Extraction Kit (ab113476) optimized for use in Abcam's modified histone quantification series. Alternatively, preparation of histone extracts can also be performed using the procedure below:

10.1 For tissues (treated and untreated), weigh the sample and cut the sample into small pieces (1-2 mm³) with a scalpel or scissors. Transfer tissue pieces to a Dounce homogenizer. Add TEB buffer (PBS containing 0.5% Triton X 100, 2 mM PMSF and 0.02% NaN₃) at 200 mg/mL, and disaggregate tissue pieces by 50-60 strokes. Transfer homogenized mixture to a 15 mL conical tube and centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 5 minutes at 4°C. If total mixture volume is less than 2 mL, transfer mixture to a 2 mL vial and centrifuge at 10,000 rpm for 1 minute at 4°C. Remove supernatant.

For cells (treated and untreated), harvest cells and pellet the cells by centrifugation at 1000 rpm for 5 minutes at 4°C. Resuspend cells in TEB buffer at  $10^7$  cells/mL and lyse cells on ice for 10 minutes with gentle stirring. Centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 5 minutes at 4°C. If total volume is less than 2 mL, transfer cell lysates to a 2 mL vial and centrifuge at 10,000 rpm for 1 minute at 4°C. Remove supernatant.

#### **ASSAY PREPARATION**

- 10.2 Resuspend cell/tissue pellet in 3 volumes (approx. 200  $\mu$ L/10<sup>7</sup> cells or 200 mg tissues) of extraction buffer (0.5N HCl + 10% glycerol) and incubate on ice for 30 minutes.
- 10.3 Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 5 minutes at 4°C and remove the supernatant fraction to a new vial.
- 10.4 Add 8 volumes (approx. 0.6 mL/10<sup>7</sup> cells or 200 mg tissues) of acetone and leave at -20°C overnight.
- 10.5 Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 5 minutes and air-dry the pellet. Dissolve the pellet in distilled water (30-50  $\mu$ L/10<sup>7</sup> cells or 200 mg tissues).
- 10.6 Quantify the protein concentration. Aliquot the extract and store the extract at -20°C or -80°C.

Histone extracts can be used immediately or stored at -80°C for future use.

# 11. PLATE PREPARATION

- Strip 1-3 (for 96 assays) or strip 1-2 (for 48 assays) standard wells (Labeled as SC); the standard curve can be generated with 5-8 concentration points (includes blank).
- Example amount of standard control/well A1: 100 ng; B1: 50 ng;
  C1: 25 ng; D1: 12 ng; E1: 6 ng; F1: 3 ng; G1: 1.5 ng; H1: 0 ng.
- Strip 4-12 (for 96 assays) or strip 3-6 (for 48 assays) sample wells (No label).
- Each sample or standard point can be assayed in duplicates or triplicates.

#### **ASSAY PROCEDURE**

# 12. ASSAY PROCEDURE

- 12.1 Predetermine the number of strip wells required. Remove un-needed strip wells from the plate frame and place them back in the bag (seal the bag tightly and store at 4°C).
- 12.2 Add 50 μL of the Antibody Buffer into each well. For the sample, add 1-2 μg of the histone extract into the sample wells. For the standard curve, dilute Standard Control with Antibody Buffer to 1 100 ng/μL at 5-7 points (e.g., 1.5, 3, 6, 12, 25, 50, and 100 ng/μL). Add 1 μL of Standard Control at the different concentrations into the standard wells (ringed in green). For the blank, do not add any nuclear extracts or standard control protein. Mix and cover the strip wells with Parafilm M and incubate at room temperature for 1-2 hours.
- 12.3 Aspirate and wash the wells with 150 µL of 1X Wash Buffer three times.
- 12.4 Add 50 μL of Diluted Detection Antibody to each well and incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes on an orbital shaker (100 rpm).
- 12.5 Aspirate and wash the wells with 150 µL of 1X Wash Buffer six times.
- 12.6 Add 100  $\mu$ L of the Color Developer into the wells and incubate at room temperature for 2-10 minutes away from light. Monitor the color development in the sample and standard wells (blue).
- 12.7 Add 50 µL of Stop Solution to each well to stop enzyme reaction when the color in the standard wells containing the higher concentrations of standard control turns medium blue. The color should change to yellow and absorbance can be read on a microplate reader at 450 nm within 2-15 minutes.
- 12.8 Calculate % histone H3S28 phosphorylation using the formulae provided in Section 13 Data Analysis.

### **DATA ANALYSIS**

# 13. ANALYSIS

Calculate the % Histone H3S28 phosphorylation using the following formula:

Phosphorylation % =

For the amount quantification, plot OD versus amount of Standard Control and determine the slope as delta OD/ng.

Calculate the amount of phosphorylated H3S28 using the following formula:

Amount (ng/mg protein) = 
$$\frac{\text{Sample OD - Blank OD}}{\text{Protein } (\mu g)^* \text{ x Slope}} \times 1000$$

\*Histone extract amount added into the sample well at step 12.2.

# 14. TROUBLESHOOTING

| Problem  | Cause  | Solution  |
|--|--|---|
| No Signal for Both<br>the Standard<br>Control and the<br>Samples     | Reagents are added incorrectly   | Check if reagents are added in order and if any steps of the procedure may have been omitted by mistake           |
|  | Incubation time and temperature is incorrect   | Ensure the incubation time and temperature described in the protocol are followed correctly                       |
| No Signal or Very<br>Weak Signal for<br>Only the Standard<br>Control | The amount of standard control is not added into "standard control wells" or is added insufficiently | Ensure a sufficient amount of control is properly added to the standard control well                              |
| No Signal for Only the Sample  | The protein sample is not properly extracted   | Ensure the procedure and reagents are correct for the nuclear protein extraction                                  |
|  | The protein amount is added into well insufficiently   | Ensure extract contains a sufficient amount of protein  |
|  | Protein extracts are incorrectly stored  | Ensure the nuclear extracts are stored at -80°C or -20°C  |
| High Background<br>Present for the<br>Blank                          | The well is not washed sufficiently  | Check if wash at each step is performed according to the protocol   |
|  | Contaminated by the standard control   | Ensure the well is not contaminated from adding the control protein or by using control protein contaminated tips |
|  | Overdevelopment  | Decrease development time in step 12.6  |

# 15. <u>NOTES</u>



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